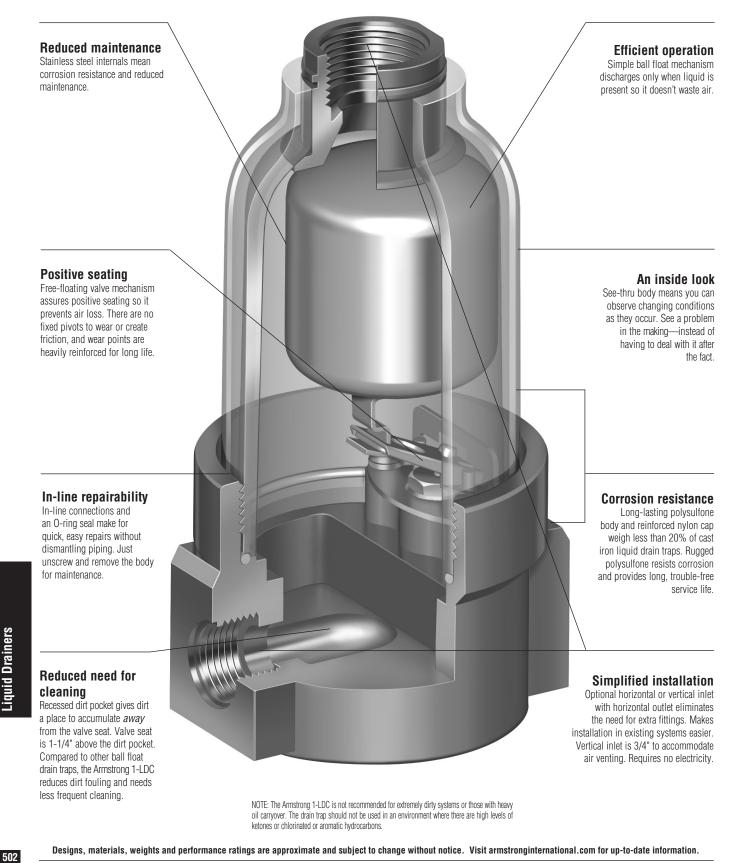


1-LDC—A See-Thru Body So You'll Know When It's Working

Benefits You Can See



Liquid Drainers

1-LDC—A See-Thru Body So You'll Know When It's Working



Now, you can literally see what you've been missing—the early warning signs of a drain trap or system problem. Since you'll *know* the operating condition of a drain trap, you won't waste time and money scheduling maintenance that isn't needed. In other words, you will be able to react to a condition before it becomes a problem.

A simple ball float mechanism requiring no electricity to operate, the new Armstrong 1-LDC discharges automatically *only* when liquid is present. That means no air loss as with timed devices, which open even when liquid is not present.

Moisture in a compressed air system causes a variety of problems everything from dirt fouling and potential corrosion to water hammer. Getting the water out—automatically, reliably—builds greater efficiency into your system. In short, pay attention to your compressed air system, and you'll probably pay less to compress air.

Compare...and Save the Difference

Seeing really is believing—especially when you compare the Armstrong see-thru drain trap with cast iron units. Measure the differences in the time and money you can save with a more efficient, easier-to-maintain compressed air system. For more information or technical assistance, contact your local Armstrong Representative.



Designs, materials, weights and performance ratings are approximate and subject to change without notice. Visit armstronginternational.com for up-to-date information.

LD-32

Liquid Drainers



Now, you can literally see what you've been missing—the early warning signs of a drain trap or system problem. Since you'll know the operating condition of a drain trap, you won't waste time and money scheduling maintenance that isn't needed. In other words, you'll be able to react to a condition before it becomes a problem.

List of Materials

Table LD-6.			
Name of Part	Material		
Cap and Fitting	Reinforced Nylon*		
Body	Polysulfone		
O-Rings (Cap, Body and Fitting)	Nitrile Elastomer Compound		
Float, Lever and Screws	Ctainland Ctaol		
Valve & Seat	Stainless Steel		
Retainer Ring	Zinc-Plated Steel		

*UV sensitive

Maximum Operation Pressures and Capacities

Table LD-7.								
Specific Gravity		1.0			0.95			
Orifice Size	Maximum Operating Pressure		Capacity		Maximum Operating Pressure		Capacity	
	psi	bar	lb/hr	kg/hr	psi	bar	lb/hr	kg/hr
1/8	121	8.3	1,500	690	109	7.6	1,400	640
#38	150	10.0	1,100	510	150	10.0	1,100	490

Capacities given are continuous discharge capacities in lb/hr or kg/hr of liquid at pressure differential indicated.

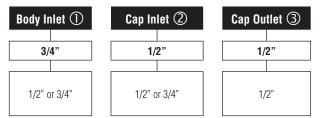
Physical Data

Table LD-8.

Inlet Connections	in	mm		
	1/2, 3/4	15, 20		
Outlet Connection	1/2	15		
Alternate Inlet or Vent Connection	1/2, 3/4	15, 20		
"A"	3-1/2	89		
"В"	6-7/8	175		
"C"	6-3/32	155		
Weight Ibs (kg)	1 (0.45)			
Maximum Allowable Pressure (Vessel Design)	150 psig @ 150°F (10 bar @ 65°C)			
Maximum Operating Pressure psig (bar)	150 (10)			

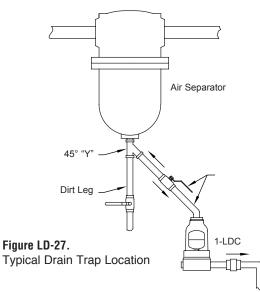
Liquid Drainers

How to Order



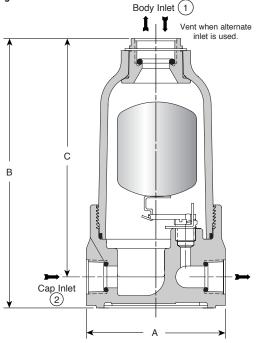
A free floating mechanism needs no electricity to operate, the 1-LDC discharges automatically only when liquid is present. That means no air loss as with timed devices that open even when liquid is not present. Moisture in a compressed air system causes problems. Getting the water out—automatically, reliably—builds greater efficiency into your system.

For a fully detailed certified drawing, refer to CD #1031.



Drain traps dispose of water that collects in many places in a compressed air system. Each drain trap arrangement must be considered individually.

Figure LD-28.



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